AFTER AGS BANKRUPTCY...

CMS to Replace 1.000 ATMs for India Post **Payments Bank**

Saloni Shukla

ments Bank (IPPB) has awarded the contract to replace its fleet of 1,000 ATMs and cash dispensers to CMS Info Systems after the bank-ruptcy of ATM service provider Mumbai: The Pay AGS Transact Technologies.
"One of the big wins we had was

with the department of post. This with the department of post. This was a former customer of AGS, and when they shut down, the department decided to close their sites and relaunch," said Anush Raghavan, chief business officer, CMS, in an interaction with ET. "We helped evacuate the old ATMs, won the contract, and are now deploying 1,000 new machines across post office locations." The IPPB had been facing disruptions in its ATM operations due to

tions in its ATM operations due to the financial troubles of AGS, a key vendor managing its network

earlier.
As of March 31, 2025, CMS mana ged 73,000 ATMs—about 47% of all outsourced ATMs in India—and

outsourceu ATMS II 65,000 retail touchpoints.
The collapse of AGS, which once operated nearly

40,000



As of March 31, CMS managed 73,000 ATMs-about 47% of all outsourced ATMs in India—and 65,000 retail touchpoints

forced several banks to transition to CMS. The total ATM network in the country contracted by 4% to 208,063 by end-July 2025, com-pared with 216,352 a year earlier, RBI data shows.
"Our primary goal was to work with all

ATMs,

has

customers to ensure the safety of cash in ATMs, which we managed for most of them," Rag-havan said. "The next step was ensuring continuity of service—hel-

ping both existing and new custo-mers transition seamlessly." Raghavan noted that many priva-te banks are using the AGS disruption as an opportunity to restruc-ture their ATM strategies, shifting from the "brown label" model to from the fixed-cost contracts.

Under the brown label model, service providers handle the enti-re ATM lifecycle—including hardware, leasing, maintenance cash anagement, and connectivity-while the bank's branding is disconnectivitymanagement, played on the machines. This allowed banks to expand ATM net-works without investing directly

in infrastructure. "Banks are increasingly opting for fixed-price contracts over transaction-based pricing," Rag-havan said. "Also, since many havan said. "Also, since many ATMs are 8-10 years old, lenders are moving to new outsourcing contracts that bring in cash recy clers. These not only replace traditional ATMs but also function as

self-service kiosks, handling a wider range of transactions."